



Good morning, Dear Friend,

We are pleased to announce the publication of our latest research book:

“101 FAQs on Weekly Updates relating to Special Courts under the CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI”

*This book is part of our ongoing **Darshan Mala Series (DMS)**—a special weekly research initiative covering various aspects of Indian laws, enforcement agencies, regulatory authorities, and important legal and regulatory developments.*

The series covers important subjects relating to:

Indian Acts — including the Prevention of Corruption Act, PMLA, FEMA, COFEPOSA, and other important statutes.

Enforcement Agencies — including the ED, DRI, CBI, NIA, SFIO, DGGI, Income Tax Investigation, and other agencies.

Regulatory Authorities — including IFSCA, RBI, SEBI, FIU-IND, NCLT, CVC, IB, R&AW, EOW, and other authorities.

*Over the years, we have published more than **200 research papers and books**, comprising over **30,000 pages of legal and regulatory research**, all made available **free of charge for public reference**.*

*Our lifetime objective is to publish **1,000 research papers and books**, comprising more than **100,000 pages of legal and regulatory research**, and to continue making them freely available for the benefit of researchers, professionals, students, and the general public. We warmly invite you to explore our publications, review our research, and share your valuable comments, observations, and suggestions.*

With warm wishes

CA Satish Agarwal

9/14, (First Floor),

East Patel Nagar,

New Delhi - 110008

Phone: Office **+911141412139**

Mobile **+919811081957**

Official Mail address: **satishagarwal307@yahoo.com**

Website: **www.femainindia.com**



DARSHAN MALA SERIES (DMS)

101 Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) on Special Courts and Enforcement Agency Proceedings DMS presents **101** FAQs containing weekly updates and publicly available information relating to **Special Courts dealing with** matters concerning the **CBI, ED, Narcotics Control Bureau/NDPS-related matters, SFIO, NIA, and DRI**.

The Series covers matters reported in the public domain concerning exclusive and/or designated Special Courts, proceedings before such Courts, and parallel investigations conducted by the aforesaid enforcement agencies across India.

The Darshan Mala Series has been initiated with inspiration from the vision of the Hon'ble Prime Minister of India to promote greater public awareness and informed discussion on matters relating to governance, accountability, transparency, administration, enforcement, and the functioning of the justice delivery system.

DISCLAIMER

The contents of this Series have been compiled exclusively from information available in the public domain, including official statements, court records, judicial orders, government publications, media reports, and other publicly accessible sources.

SUBSCRIBE FOR REGULAR UPDATES

You are requested to subscribe to our YouTube channel for quick access to the 100% articles published by us to date on various topics, along with regular updates and new publications forming part of the Darshan Mala Series.

<https://www.youtube.com/@satishagarwal303>

&

https://femainindia.com/resource/Reserach_Paper.aspx

&

https://taxguru.in/author/satishagarwal307_1957



101 FAQs on weekly updates for Special Courts under CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI

INDEX

S.No	Topics	Page No.
Chapter-I- Introduction on Special Courts under CBI, ED NDPS, SFIO, NIA and DRI		
1.	What are parallel investigations by CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI?	7
2.	What are parallel investigations by SFIO, ED, SEBI, ITD and CBI?	7 & 8
3.	What are parallel investigations by DRI, DGGI, ED, ITD, CBI and SFIO?	8
4.	What are parallel investigations by CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI?	8 & 9
5.	What are parallel investigations by SEBI, SFIO, ED, CBI and ITD?	9
6.	What are key differences in focuses between CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI?	9 & 10
7.	What are Common Powers of Special Courts for CBI, ED NDPS, SFIO, DRI, DGGI?	10
8.	What is difference between several special courts?	10
9.	What is comparison of statutes, offences and powers with different agencies?	11
10.	What is flow chart for investigations by CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI?	12
11.	What are practical points for practitioners before investigating agencies?	12
Chapter-II- CBI's Special Courts under DSPE Act, 1946		
12.	What is Role of Special CBI Courts?	13
13.	What are Functions of Special CBI Courts?	13
Chapter-III- ED's Special Courts under PMLA, 2002		
14.	What is Role of ED Special Courts?	13 & 14
Chapter-IV- NDPS's Special Courts under NDPS Act, 1985		
15.	What is Role of NDPS Special Courts for NCB, DRI, Custom and State Police?	14
16.	What are Functions of NDPS Special Courts for NCB, DRI, Custom or State Police?	14
Chapter-V- NIA's Special Courts under NIA Act, 2008		
17.	What are Special Courts under NIA?	15

18.	<i>What is legal basis for establishing NIA's special courts?</i>	15
19.	<i>What is legal jurisdiction for NIA's special courts?</i>	15
20.	<i>What are matters being investigated by NIA's special courts?</i>	15
21.	<i>What are the procedures to be followed by NIA's special courts?</i>	16
22.	<i>What is appeals against special courts' orders under NIA?</i>	16
23.	<i>What is name of state wise NIA's special courts?</i>	16 & 17
24.	<i>What is the recent development on NIA's special courts?</i>	17
25.	<i>What is flow chart for investigation to try in NIA cases?</i>	18 to 20
26.	<i>What are schedule offences under NIA Act, 2008?</i>	20
27.	<i>What is Central govt.'s (MHA) role under NIA Act, 2008?</i>	20
28.	<i>What is Pan-India jurisdiction under NIA Act, 2008?</i>	20
29.	<i>What is special court under NIA Act, 2008?</i>	20
30.	<i>What is appeal under NIA Act, 2008?</i>	21
31.	<i>What are Parallel Proceedings by special courts under NIA Act, 08 and PMLA 02?</i>	21
Chapter-VI- SFIO's Special Courts under Companies Act 2013		
32.	<i>What are SFIO's Special Courts?</i>	22
33.	<i>What is legal basis for SFIO's Special Courts?</i>	22
34.	<i>What is composition for SFIO's Special Courts?</i>	22
35.	<i>What is jurisdiction for SFIO's Special Courts?</i>	23
36.	<i>What is flow chart for SFIO's investigations and trial by SFIO's special courts?</i>	23 & 24
37.	<i>What are SFIO's powers under Companies Act 2013?</i>	24
38.	<i>What are interactions by SFIO with other agencies?</i>	24 & 25
39.	<i>What are practical points for practitioners when appearing in SFIO matters?</i>	25
40.	<i>What is flow chart for SFIO's investigations?</i>	25 & 26
41.	<i>What is Central govt.'s powers for establishing or designating special courts?</i>	26
42.	<i>What is multi-agency investigation model?</i>	26
43.	<i>What is practical litigation strategy for multiple agencies investigations?</i>	26

44.	<i>What are areas in enforcement laws for multiple agencies investigations?</i>	27
Chapter-VII- DRI's Special Courts under Custom Act 1962		
45.	<i>What are DRI's Special Courts?</i>	28
46.	<i>What is the name of courts to try DRI cases?</i>	28
47.	<i>What is the flow chart for DRI prosecution process?</i>	28 & 29
48.	<i>What is diff. between civil and criminal proceeding?</i>	29
49.	<i>What is procedure for civil and criminal proceeding?</i>	29
50.	<i>What are parallel civil and criminal proceedings?</i>	30
51.	<i>Whether ED, CBI, SFIO, DRI and ITD are permitted to investigate in same matter?</i>	30
52.	<i>What are practical points for practitioners when appearing in DRI matters?</i>	30 & 31
53.	<i>What is comparison of investigations by DRI, DGGI, ED & Custom/GST authorities?</i>	31
54.	<i>What is comparison of DRI, DGGI, ED & Custom/GST authorities?</i>	32
55.	<i>What is key difference between DRI, DGGI and ED for investigations?</i>	32 & 33
56.	<i>What is litigation strategy for practitioners?</i>	33 & 34
57.	<i>What is comparison between workings of NIA, CBI, ED, SFIO, DRI and DGGI?</i>	34
58.	<i>What is comparison between special courts for NIA, CBI, ED, SFIO and DRI?</i>	35
59.	<i>What is flow chart for DGGI's Regular criminal court having jurisdiction?</i>	35
60.	<i>What is misconception about "exclusive" Customs Special Courts?</i>	36
61.	<i>What types of proceedings are permitted?</i>	36
62.	<i>What are departmental (adjudication) proceedings?</i>	36
63.	<i>What are Custom officers' powers under departmental (adjudication) proceedings?</i>	37
64.	<i>What is criminal prosecution?</i>	37
65.	<i>What is flow chart for 2 types of proceedings?</i>	37
66.	<i>Who are the authorities for investigations?</i>	37 & 38
67.	<i>What are Serious Customs Offences for investigations?</i>	38
68.	<i>What are parallel proceedings by DRI / Customs, ED, DGGI, ITD, CBI and SFIO?</i>	38
69.	<i>What is flow chart for proceedings by criminal court?</i>	38 & 39

70.	<i>What are practical points for practitioners to handle customs prosecutions?</i>	39
Chapter-VIII- DGGI's Special Courts under the GST Act, 2017		
71.	<i>What are DGGI's Special Courts?</i>	40
72.	<i>Who try the DGGI cases?</i>	40
73.	<i>What is the flow chart to try the DGGI cases?</i>	40 & 41
74.	<i>What is difference between tax and criminal proceedings?</i>	41
75.	<i>What are common offences investigated by DGGI?</i>	41 & 42
76.	<i>What is comparison between different agencies for "exclusive" special courts?</i>	42
Chapter-IX- SEBI's Special Courts under the SEBI Act, 1992		
77.	<i>What are SEBI's Special Courts?</i>	43
78.	<i>What is legal basis for designating Special Courts?</i>	43
79.	<i>What is composition for SEBI's designated Special Courts?</i>	43
80.	<i>What are areas of jurisdictions for Special Courts to try criminal offences?</i>	43
81.	<i>What is the flow chart from investigation to trial?</i>	44
82.	<i>What is difference between civil & criminal proceedings?</i>	44
83.	<i>What is flow chart for appeals against regulatory orders?</i>	45
84.	<i>What is flow chart for appeals against criminal prosecutions?</i>	45
85.	<i>What is comparison between SEBI's special courts and other special courts?</i>	45
86.	<i>What are practical points for practitioners to handle SEBI's prosecutions?</i>	46
Chapter-X- Special courts in Delhi		
87.	<i>What are Rouse Avenue District Courts complex in Delhi?</i>	47
88.	<i>What are Patiala House Courts in Delhi?</i>	47
89.	<i>What are Tiz Hazari Courts in Delhi?</i>	47
90.	<i>What are Dwarka Courts in Delhi?</i>	47
91.	<i>What are Saket District Courts in Delhi?</i>	47
92.	<i>What are NDPS Special Court Karkardooma Court in Delhi?</i>	48
93.	<i>What are NDPS Special Court at other district courts in Delhi?</i>	48

94.	<i>What is address and contact number of CBI Court in Delhi?</i>	48
95.	<i>What is flow chart for special court's proceedings?</i>	48
Chapter-XI- Special Courts outside Delhi		
96.	<i>What are Special Courts outside Delhi?</i>	49
97.	<i>What is directory of principal special courts outside Delhi?</i>	49 & 50
98.	<i>What is address of CBI's courts in Jaipur-Rajasthan?</i>	50
99.	<i>What is address of CBI's courts in Mumbai-Maharashtra?</i>	50
100.	<i>What is address of CBI's courts in Ahmedabad-Gujarat?</i>	50
101.	<i>What is address of CBI's courts in Lucknow-Uttar Pradesh?</i>	51
●	<i>What is address of CBI's courts in Patna-Bihar?</i>	51
●	<i>What is address of CBI's courts in Kolkata-West Bengal?</i>	51
Author's profile for 101 FAQs on weekly updates for Special Courts under CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI		



101 FAQs on weekly updates for Special Courts under CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI

(Source of information's used in preparation of weekly updates are taken from public domain)

Chapter-I- Introduction on Special Courts under CBI, ED NDPS, SFIO, NIA and DRI

1. What are parallel investigations by CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI?

● When a company imports goods with undervaluation? ●

- (i) The **DRI's** investigations are permitted for **undervaluation and misdeclaration**.
- (ii) The **ED's** investigations are permitted **for laundering of the Proceeds of Crime (PoC) under the PMLA, 2002**.
- (iii) The **CBI's** investigations are permitted **for corruption against public officials involved**.
- (iv) The **SFIO's** investigations are permitted **for corporate fraud under section 447 of CA, 2013**.
- (v) The **NIA's** investigations are permitted **for terrorist financing, if any**.
- (vi) The **ITD's** (Income Tax Department) investigations are permitted **for undisclosed income and tax evasion**

2. What are parallel investigations by SFIO, ED, SEBI, ITD and CBI?

● When a listed company falsifies accounts, diverts funds, launders the Proceeds of Crime (PoC), and evades taxes? ●

- (i) The **SFIO's** investigations are permitted **for corporate fraud under section 447 of CA, 2013**.
- (ii) The **ED's** investigations are permitted **for laundering of the Proceeds of Crime (PoC) under the PMLA, 2002**.
- (iii) The **SEBI's** investigations are permitted **for securities law violations**.



- (iv) The **ITD's** (Income Tax Department) investigations are permitted **for undisclosed income and tax evasion.**
- (v) The **CBI's** investigations are permitted **for corruption against public officials involved.**

3. What are parallel investigations by DRI, DGGI, ED, ITD, CBI and SFIO?

● A company imports electronic goods worth INR 500 crore ●

- (i) The **DRI's** investigations are permitted for **undervaluation and misdeclaration**
- (ii) The **DGGI's** investigations are permitted for **fake GST invoices and wrongful Input Tax Credit (ITC)**
- (iii) The **ED's** investigations are permitted for **generating Proceeds of Crime (PoC)** through **undervaluation and fake GST invoices and wrongful Input Tax Credit (ITC)** under the **PMLA, 2002**
- (iv) The **ITD's** (Income Tax Department) investigations are permitted **for undisclosed income and tax evasion**
- (v) The **CBI's** investigations are permitted **for corruption against public officials involved.**
- (vi) The **SFIO's** investigations are permitted **for corporate fraud under section 447 of CA, 2013**

4. What are parallel investigations by CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI?

● When an entity / dealer commits the GST fraud ●

- (i) The **DGGI's** investigations are permitted for **fake GST invoices and wrongful Input Tax Credit (ITC)**
- (ii) The **DRI's** investigations are permitted for **undervaluation and misdeclaration**
- (iii) The **ED's** investigations are permitted **for laundering of the Proceeds of Crime (PoC) under the PMLA, 2002**



- (iv) The **CBI's** investigations are permitted **for corruption against public officials involved**
- (v) The **SFIO's** investigations are permitted **for corporate fraud under section 447 of CA, 2013**
- (vi) The **ITD's** (Income Tax Department) investigations are permitted **for undisclosed income and tax evasion**

5. What are parallel investigations by SEBI, SFIO, ED, CBI and ITD?

- A securities fraud may involve "multiple" agencies for parallel investigations beside the proceedings are generally independent ●
- (i) The **SEBI's** investigations are permitted **for Securities law violations**
- (ii) The **SFIO's** investigations are permitted **for corporate fraud under section 447 of CA, 2013**
- (iii) The **ED's** investigations are permitted **for laundering of the Proceeds of Crime (PoC) under the PMLA, 2002**
- (iv) The **CBI's** investigations are permitted **for corruption against public officials involved**
- (v) The **ITD's** (Income Tax Department) investigations are permitted **for undisclosed income and tax evasion**

6. What are key differences in focuses between CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI?

- (i) **CBI**
The **CBI investigations are permitted corruption, major economic offences, and special crimes.**
- (ii) **ED**
The **ED traces and prosecutes money laundering, with powers to attach and confiscate Proceeds of crime (PoC).**



(iii) **SFIO**

The SFIO specializes in “complex” corporate frauds and forensic corporate investigations.

(iv) **NIA**

The NIA focuses on terrorism and offences affecting national security.

(v) **DRI**

The DRI deals with customs evasion, smuggling, and trade-based fraud.

7. What are Common Powers of Special Courts for CBI, ED NDPS, SFIO, DRI, DGGI?

- (i) To take cognizance directly where permitted by law.
- (ii) To issue summons, warrants, and production warrants.
- (iii) To grant or reject bail.
- (iv) To frame charges.
- (v) To conduct day-to-day trials.
- (vi) To examine witnesses.
- (vii) To deliver judgments.
- (viii) To award imprisonment, fines, and confiscation orders.

8. What is difference between several special courts?

S.No	Agency's name	Special Court's functions
(i)	NIA	NIA's special court take up the cases investigated by NIA and cases for “certain” scheduled offences
(ii)	CBI	CBI's special court take up the cases investigated by CBI for corruption and other offences
(iii)	ED	ED's special court take up the cases for money laundering under the PMLA, 2002.
(iv)	NDPS	NDPS's special court take up cases for Narcotics offences under the NDPS Act 1985.

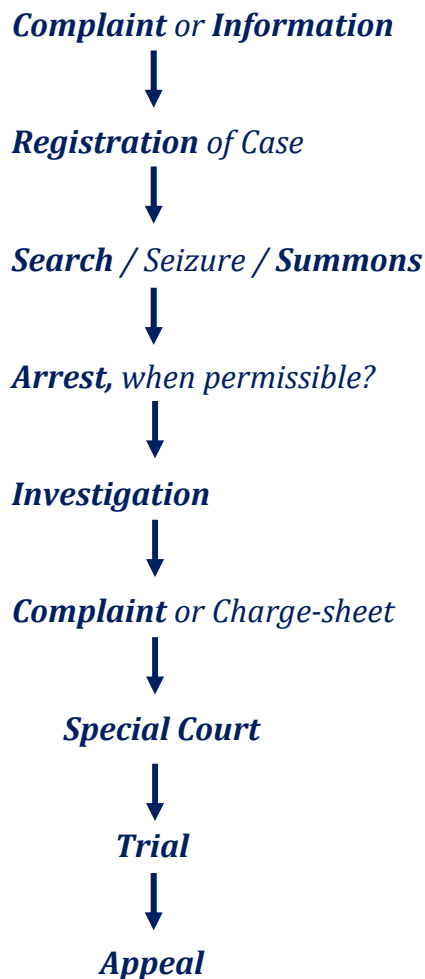


9. What is comparison of statutes, offences and powers with different agencies?

S.No	Titles	NIA	CBI	ED	SFIO	DRI
(i)	Ministry	MHA	DPT	MoF	MCA	MoF
(ii)	Law	NIA Act, 2008	DSPE Act, 1946	PMLA, 2002	Companies Act (CA) 2013	Customs Act, 1962
(iii)	Cases	(a) Terrorism, offences under UAPA, 1967 (b) National security	(a) Corruption economic (b) offences special crimes	(a) Money laundering (b) Proceeds of Crime (PoC)	Serious corporate frauds under section 447 of CA, 2013	(a) Customs offences (b) Smuggling (c) Trade frauds
(iv)	Investigate	Criminal investigation with police powers	Criminal investigation with police powers	Investigation into money laundering under PMLA	Investigation into corporate frauds	Customs and trade-related investigations
(v)	Arrest	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(vi)	Attach/ Seize Property	No	No	Yes	Limited powers	Seizure and confiscation under the Customs Act
(vii)	Document Filed Before Court	Charge-sheet	Charge-sheet	Prosecution Complaint	Investigation Report or Complaint	Complaint or Charge-sheet
(viii)	Trial Court	NIA Special Court	CBI Special Court	PMLA Special Court	Special Court under the CA 2013	Criminal Court or Special Court under Customs-related laws
(ix)	Appellate Forum	High Court	High Court	High Court	High Court	High Court



10. What is flow chart for investigations by CBI, ED, NDPS, SFIO, NIA, and DRI?



11. What are practical points for practitioners before investigating agencies?

- (i) To **obtain** the complete investigation **records** from “all” agencies.
- (ii) To **prepare** a chronology **common** to “all” proceedings.
- (iii) To **compare statements recorded** by different agencies **for inconsistencies**.
- (iv) To **examine the legality of** search, seizure, **arrest**, and **sanction**.
- (v) To **monitor bail** proceedings **across** “all” forums.
- (vi) To **coordinate** litigation **strategy** because **findings** in one proceeding **may influence** another, even **though each** case is **decided independently**.

Chapter-II- CBI's Special Courts under DSPE Act, 1946

12. What is Role of Special CBI Courts?

- The **CBI investigates offences under the Delhi Special Police Establishment Act (DSPEA), 1946 and prosecutes cases** mainly involving:
 - (i) **Corruption** cases under Prevention of Corruption Act (PCA) 2018
 - (ii) Bank **frauds** investigated by CBI
 - (iii) Economic **offences**
 - (iv) Major criminal **conspiracies**
 - (v) High-profile **murder** and other **serious criminal cases transferred to CBI**
 - (vi) **Coal Block, Commonwealth Games and other notified CBI cases**

13. What are Functions of Special CBI Courts?

- (i) To take **cognizance of CBI charge sheets.**
- (ii) To **conduct trials under the Prevention of Corruption Act (PMLA), 1988 and other applicable laws both.**
- (iii) To **examine witnesses and evidence.**
- (iv) To **pass judgments and award sentences.**
- (v) To **hear applications** relating to bail, discharge, and framing of charges.

Chapter-III- ED's Special Courts under PMLA, 2002

14. What is Role of ED Special Courts?

- The **Central Govt. designates Special Courts under Section 43 of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, (PMLA) 2002 for dealing with:**
 - (i) Money laundering **prosecutions filed by ED.**
 - (ii) **Confirmation of criminal liability "after" ED files a prosecution complaint.**



- (iii) **Trial of scheduled offences** linked with money laundering.
- (iv) **Confiscation of Proceeds of Crime (PoC)** “after” **conviction**, where applicable.
- (v) **Bail applications under** the stringent provisions of **PMLA, 2002**.

Chapter-IV- NDPS's Special Courts under NDPS Act, 1985

15. What is Role of NDPS Special Courts for NCB, DRI, Custom and State Police?

- The special Courts **try** serious narcotics **offences investigated by** agencies i.e. the Narcotics Control Bureau (**NCB**), **DRI, Customs and State Police** under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (**NDPS**) Act 1985.

16. What are Functions of NDPS Special Courts for NCB, DRI, Custom or State Police?

- (i) **Trial of** commercial quantity **narcotics cases**.
- (ii) **Deciding bail applications** under Section 37 of the **NDPS Act, 1985**.
- (iii) **Recording evidence**.
- (iv) **Ordering confiscation** of narcotics and related property.
- (v) **Conviction** or acquittal **of accused persons**.



Chapter-V- NIA's Special Courts under NIA Act, 2008**17. What are Special Courts under NIA?**

- NIA Special Courts are designated **courts established under the National Investigation Agency (NIA) Act, 2008 to conduct speedy trials** of cases investigated **by the NIA and "certain" other scheduled offences.**

18. What is legal basis for establishing NIA's special courts?

- (i) **Established under Sections 11 and 22 of the NIA Act, 2008.**
- (ii) **The Central Govt. or State Govts. in "certain" cases designates these courts in consultation with the Chief Justice of the concerned High Court.**

19. What is legal jurisdiction for NIA's special courts?

- Special courts **try offences listed in the Schedule to the NIA Act, 2008 like:**
 - (i) **Terrorism-related offences.**
 - (ii) **Waging war against India.**
 - (iii) **Bomb blasts and terrorist financing.**
 - (iv) **Counterfeiting of currency when covered under scheduled offences.**
 - (v) **Hijacking and maritime piracy.**
 - (vi) **Offences relating to weapons of mass destruction.**
 - (vii) **Certain cyber terrorism offences.**
 - (viii) **Human trafficking and offences added to the Schedule through later amendments.**

20. What are matters being investigated by NIA's special courts?

- (i) **When matters are primarily investigated by the NIA.**
- (ii) **When matters are relating to schedule offences, investigated by State police or other agencies, depending on the circumstances and applicable law**



21. What are the procedures to be followed by NIA's special courts?

- (i) The cases are to be heard on a day-to-day basis, as far as practicable.
- (ii) The judges are specially designated.
- (iii) The witness protection measures may be adopted.
- (iv) The proceedings are intended to be faster than in ordinary criminal courts.

22. What is appeals against special courts' orders under NIA?

- The appeals from judgments of an NIA Special Court lie directly to a Division Bench of the concerned High Court, rather than following the usual Sessions Court appellate route.

23. What is name of state wise NIA's special courts?

S.No	State / Union Territory	NIA's Special Courts
(i)	Andhra Pradesh	Special Court at Amaravati/Vijayawada
(ii)	Arunachal Pradesh	District & Sessions Judge, Yupia
(iii)	Assam	Special Judge (CBI), Guwahati
(iv)	Bihar	"Exclusive" NIA Special Court, Patna (ADJ-XV)
(v)	Chhattisgarh	Special NIA Court, Raipur
(vi)	Goa	Designated Sessions Court, Panaji
(vii)	Gujarat	"Exclusive" NIA Special Court, Ahmedabad
(viii)	Haryana	Designated Court, Panchkula
(ix)	Himachal Pradesh	Designated Court, Shimla
(x)	Jharkhand	"Exclusive" NIA Special Court, Ranchi
(xi)	Karnataka	Special NIA Court, Bengaluru
(xii)	Kerala	Special NIA Court, Ernakulam (Kochi)
(xiii)	Madhya Pradesh	Special NIA Court, Bhopal
(xiv)	Maharashtra	"Exclusive" NIA Special Court and additional designated courts, Mumbai
(xv)	Manipur	Designated Court, Imphal
(xvi)	Meghalaya	Designated Court, Shillong



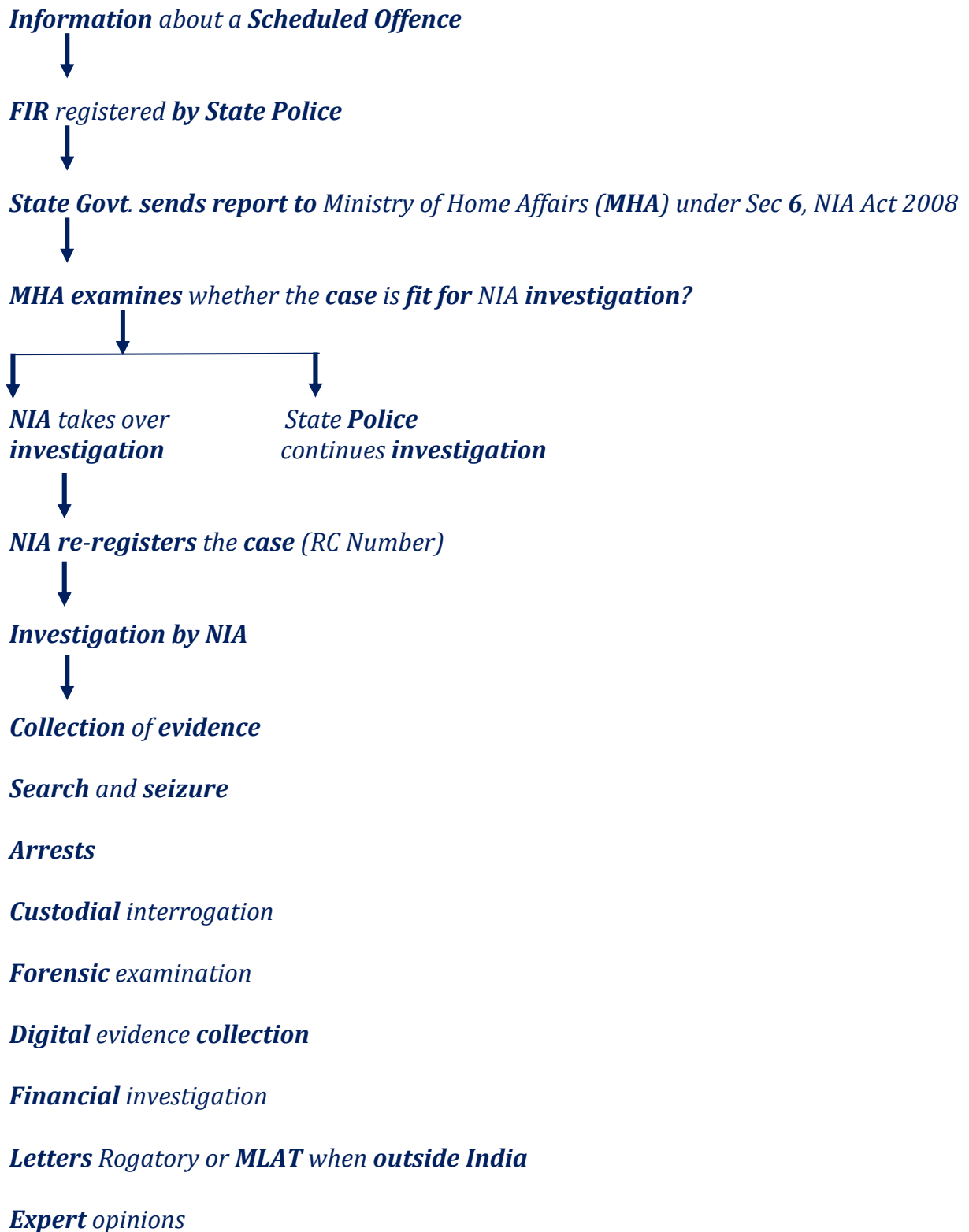
(xvii)	Mizoram	<i>Designated Court, Aizawl</i>
(xviii)	Nagaland	<i>Designated Court, Kohima</i>
(xix)	Odisha	<i>Special NIA Court, Bhubaneswar</i>
(xx)	Punjab	<i>Special NIA Court, Mohali (SAS Nagar)</i>
(xxi)	Rajasthan	<i>Special NIA Court, Jaipur</i>
(xxii)	Sikkim	<i>Designated Court, Gangtok</i>
(xxiii)	Tamil Nadu	<i>Special NIA Court, Poonamallee (Chennai)</i>
(xxiv)	Telangana	<i>Special NIA Court, Hyderabad</i>
(xxv)	Tripura	<i>Designated Court, Agartala</i>
(xxvi)	Uttar Pradesh	<i>Special NIA Court, Lucknow</i>
(xxvii)	Uttarakhand	<i>Designated Court, Dehradun</i>
(xxviii)	West Bengal	<i>Special NIA Court, Kolkata</i>
(xxix)	NCT of Delhi	<i>Special NIA Courts, Patiala House Complex, Delhi</i>
(xxx)	Jammu & Kashmir	<i>"Exclusive" NIA Special Court, Jammu and designated court at Srinagar</i>
(xxxi)	Ladakh	<i>Designated Court, Leh</i>
(xxxii)	Chandigarh	<i>Designated Court, Chandigarh</i>
(xxxiii)	Puducherry	<i>Designated Court, Puducherry</i>
(xxxiv)	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	<i>Designated Court, Port Blair</i>
(xxxv)	Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu	<i>Designated Court, Daman</i>
(xxxvi)	Lakshadweep	<i>Designated Court, Kavaratti</i>

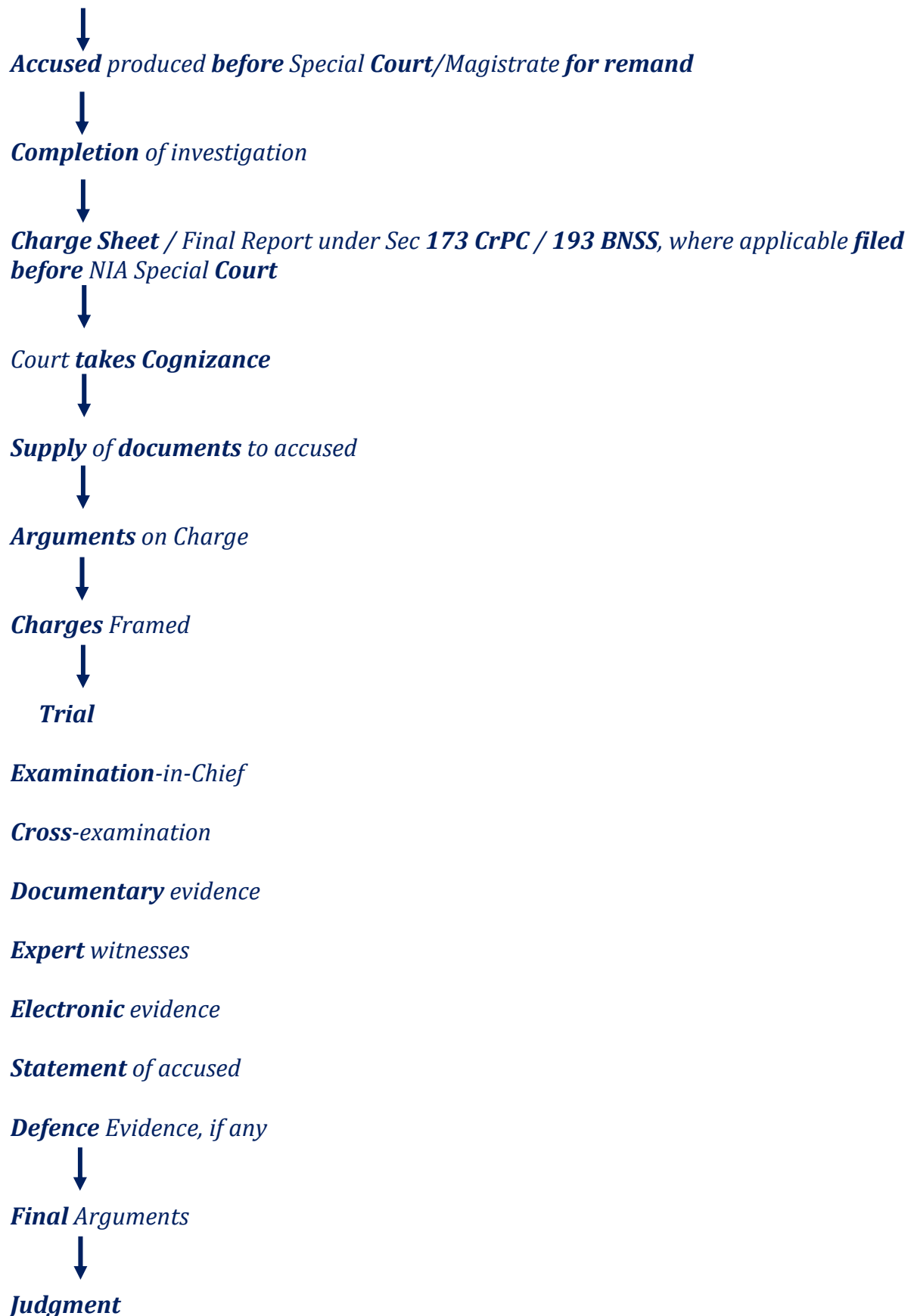
24. What is the recent development on NIA's special courts?

- **Now**

- Patna (Bihar) became an "Exclusive" NIA Special Court in Jan 2026.**
- Ahmedabad (Gujarat) is notified as an "Exclusive" NIA Special Court in March 26.**
- The Supreme Court has directed States/UTs to establish additional "Exclusive" NIA/UAPA courts where case pendency is high, and the Central Govt. has indicated expansion of the network of "Exclusive" NIA's special Courts.**



25. What is flow chart for investigation to try in NIA cases?





26. What are schedule offences under NIA Act, 2008?

- NIA investigates “only” offences listed in the **Schedule to the NIA Act, 2008** like:
 - (i) **Offences under the UAPA, 1967**
 - (ii) **Offences under the Anti-Hijacking Act (AHA), 2016**
 - (iii) **Offences under the Suppression of Unlawful Acts (SUA) against Safety of Maritime Navigation Act (SMNA) 2002**
 - (iv) **Offences under the other notified laws.**

27. What is Central govt.’s (MHA) role under NIA Act, 2008?

- The Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) decides whether the NIA should **take over the investigation.**

28. What is Pan-India jurisdiction under NIA Act, 2008?

- The NIA can investigate offences **anywhere** in India “without” requiring the consent of the State Govt.

29. What is special court under NIA Act, 2008?

- Trials are conducted by the **designated NIA Special Court having territorial jurisdiction.**



30. What is appeal under NIA Act, 2008?

- Appeals from the NIA Special Court **lie directly to** a Division Bench of the **High Court**.

31. What are Parallel Proceedings by special courts under NIA Act, 08 and PMLA 02?

- In many **terrorism-related matters**, “multiple” agencies may **act simultaneously**:

(i) The Prosecution proceedings **in terrorist incident**

- The **prosecutions proceedings** in terrorist incident are to **be carried by NIA’s Special Court**

(ii) The prosecution proceedings **in money laundering activity**

- The **prosecutions proceedings** in money laundering activity are to **be carried by ED’s Special Court**

(iii) The Prosecution proceedings **in other IPC, 1860 /BNS, 2023 offences**

- The **prosecutions proceedings** in other IPC/BNS offences are to be carried **by NIA’s special court when investigated by NIA**

(iv) The Prosecution proceedings **in DRI, Customs, FIU-IND or Income Tax offences**

- The **Prosecution proceedings** in DRI, Customs, FIU-IND or Income Tax are to **be carried independent under the respective statutes**



Chapter-VI- SFIO's Special Courts under Companies Act 2013

32. What are SFIO's Special Courts?

- (i) *SFIO Special Courts are Special Courts **designated under** the Companies Act (CA) 2013 to try offences those investigated by the Serious Fraud Investigation Office (SFIO).*
- (ii) *Special Courts under the CA, 2013 **not courts** "exclusively" dedicated to SFIO cases.*
- (iii) *They can **also try** "other" offences under the CA, 2013.*

33. What is legal basis for SFIO's Special Courts?

- (i) ***Central govt.** is empowered to **establish** or **designate** Special Courts **under** section **435** of CA, 2013*
- (ii) ***Central govt.** is empowered to **specifies** the **jurisdiction** and **procedure** of these courts **under** section **436** of CA, 2013*
- (iii) *The **Central Govt.** **establishes** or designates these courts **in consultation with** the **Chief Justice of** the concerned **High Court***

34. What is composition for SFIO's Special Courts?

- (i) *Special Courts under the **Category-I***
 - (a) *The Special Courts **presided over by** a **Sessions Judge** or **Additional Sessions Judge***
 - (b) *The Special Courts **Tries serious offences** punishable **with imprisonment of 2 years** or more than 2 years.*
- (ii) *Special Courts under the **Category-II***
 - (a) *The special Courts **presided over by** a **Metropolitan Magistrate** or **Judicial Magistrate First Class***
 - (b) *The special Courts **tries offences** punishable **with imprisonment of less than 2 years.***



35. What is jurisdiction for SFIO's Special Courts?

- The special courts **try offences under the CA, 2013** like:
 - (i) **Fraud under Section 447.**
 - (ii) **False statements.**
 - (iii) **Falsification of books of account.**
 - (iv) **Failure to maintain statutory records.**
 - (v) **Investor-related offences.**
 - (vi) **Other offences investigated by the SFIO.**

36. What is flow chart for SFIO's investigations and trial by SFIO's special courts?



37. What are SFIO's powers under Companies Act 2013?

- (i) To **investigate** complex corporate **frauds**.
- (ii) To **examine directors**, officers, auditors, and **employees**.
- (iii) To **obtain documents from companies** and government authorities.
- (iv) To **conduct searches and seizures** where authorized.
- (v) To **arrest persons for offences under Section 447** of the CA, 2013 **subject to** statutory **safeguards**.

38. What are interactions by SFIO with other agencies?

- An **SFIO investigation** often **runs alongside investigations** by “other” agencies like:
 - (i) The **ED**
 - SFIO's investigation often interacts **with the ED for money laundering** under the PMLA, 2002.
 - (ii) The **CBI**
 - SFIO's investigation often interacts **with the CBI for Corruption** involving public servants
 - (iii) The Income Tax Department (**ITD**)
 - SFIO's investigation often interacts **with the ITD for tax evasion**
 - (iv) The **SEBI**
 - SFIO's investigation often interacts **with the SEBI for securities law violations**



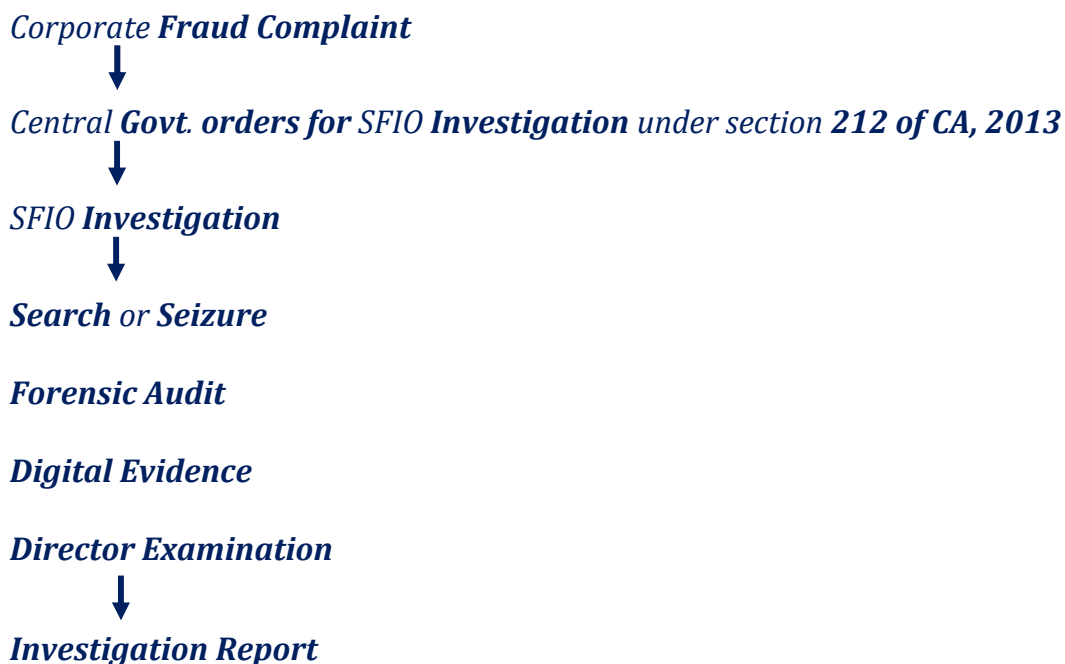
(v) *The DRI/DGGI*

- *SFIO's investigation often interacts **with** the DRI/DGGI for Customs or GST fraud, when applicable*

39. What are practical points for practitioners when appearing in SFIO matters?

- *To check for:*

- The **validity** of the Central Govt's **order directing** an SFIO investigation under Section 212 of CA, 2013.*
- Whether the investigation followed the statutory **procedure**?*
- The **admissibility** and **reliability** of electronic records and forensic accounting evidence.*
- The **interplay** between SFIO proceedings and parallel actions by ED, SEBI, Income Tax, or CBI.*
- Bail considerations**, especially in prosecutions **involving fraud** under Section 447 of CA, 2013.*

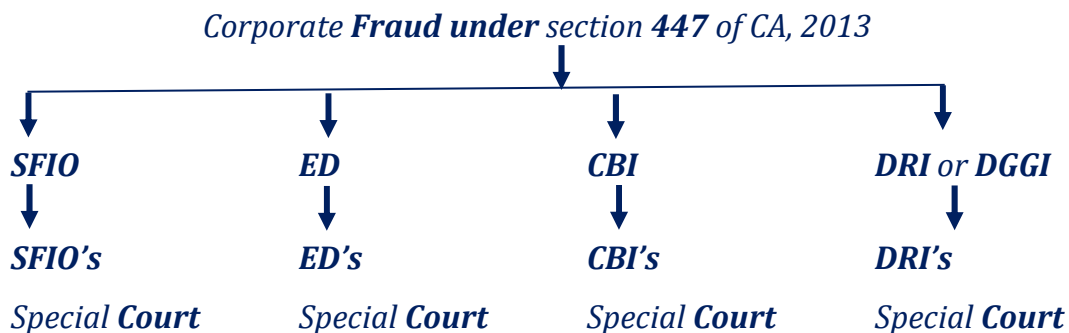
40. What is flow chart for SFIO's investigations?



41. What is Central govt.'s powers for establishing or designating special courts?

- (i) The Central Govt. may **establish** or **designate Special Courts** under Sections **435** and **436** of the CA, 2013 to ensure the **speedy trial** of offences.
- (ii) The **Special Court** is **presided** over either **by a Sessions Judge/Additional Sessions Judge** or **by a Metropolitan Magistrate/Judicial Magistrate First Class** depending on the **punishment** prescribed.

42. What is multi-agency investigation model?



43. What is practical litigation strategy for multiple agencies investigations?

- (i) To **prepare 1 master chronology** for "all" proceedings.
- (ii) To **compare statements** recorded by different **agencies** for "all" inconsistencies.
- (iii) To **challenge the legality of searches, seizures, arrests, and sanctions** where appropriate.
- (iv) To **coordinate "bail" applications** across different forums.
- (v) To **monitor the impact of findings in 1st proceeding** on parallel proceedings, while recognizing that **each forum applies its own statutory framework**.



44. What are areas in enforcement laws for multiple agencies investigations?

- (i) The **NIA's Special Courts**
- (ii) The **CBI's Special Courts**
- (iii) The **ED's Special Courts** under the PMLA, 2002.
- (iv) The **SFIO's Special Courts** under CA, 2013
- (v) The **NDPS's Special Courts**
- (vi) The **Customs or DRI's Prosecutions**
- (vii) The **GST or DGGI's Prosecutions**
- (viii) The **SEBI's Prosecutions**



Chapter-VII- DRI's Special Courts under Custom Act 1962

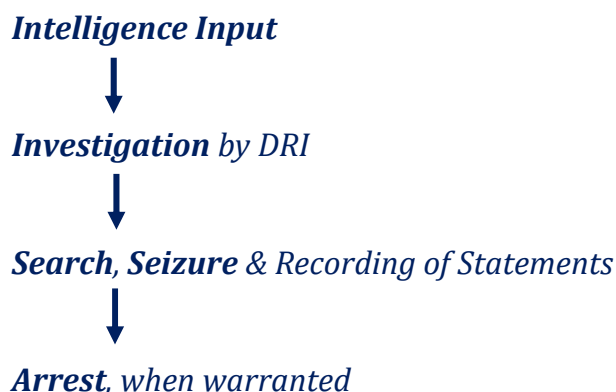
45. What are DRI's Special Courts?

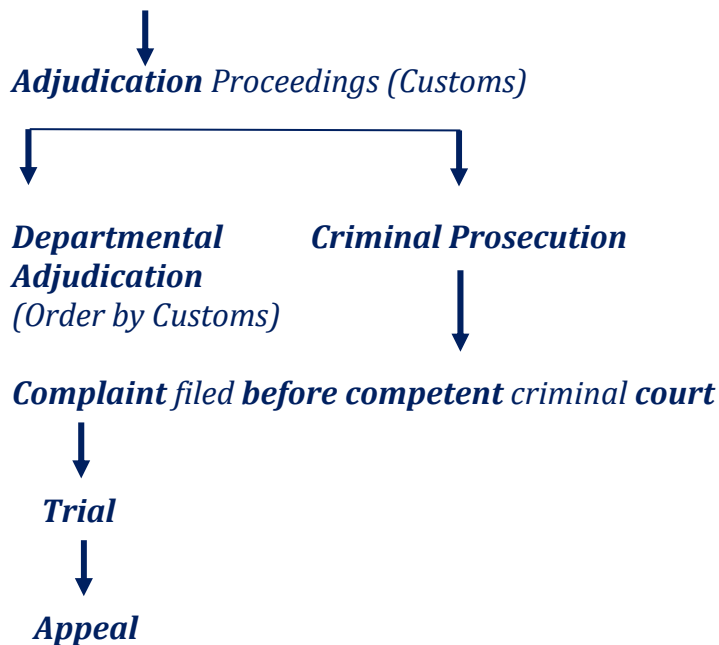
- (i) There is **no separate** statutory system of **DRI's Special Courts** in India.
- (ii) The Directorate of Revenue Intelligence (DRI) **investigates** offences primarily **under the Customs Act, 1962**.
- (iii) The **prosecutions** are **conducted before the criminal courts designated under the Customs Act 1962 and the Code of Criminal Procedure/BNSS, rather than before courts "exclusively" constituted for DRI cases.**

46. What is the name of courts to try DRI cases?

- **Depending on the nature and seriousness of the offence, the case may be tried by:**
 - (i) The Judicial Magistrate First Class (JMFC) for less serious offences.
 - (ii) The Chief Judicial Magistrate (CJM) / Chief Metropolitan Magistrate (CMM) in metropolitan areas or where jurisdiction is vested.
 - (iii) The Court of Session (Sessions Court) where the offence is "exclusively" triable by a Sessions Court or has been committed to it.
- Hence **these are regular criminal courts, not "exclusive" DRI Special Courts.**

47. What is the flow chart for DRI prosecution process?





48. What is diff. between civil and criminal proceeding?

- A DRI investigation often results in 2 parallel proceedings:

S.No	Civil (Departmental) Proceedings	Criminal Proceedings
(i)	Adjudication by Customs authorities	Trial before a criminal court
(ii)	Recovery of customs duty	Punishment i.e. imprisonment and/or fine
(iii)	Imposition of monetary penalty	Conviction or acquittal
(iv)	Confiscation of goods	Determination of criminal liability

- The departmental (civil) and criminal proceedings are legally independent.

49. What is procedure for civil and criminal proceeding?

- The Customs authorities may continue adjudication even when a criminal prosecution is pending.
- A criminal court may proceed with the trial even when the status of departmental adjudication.
- The outcome of 1st proceeding does not automatically determine the outcome of the 2nd proceeding because they serve different purposes and apply different standards of proof.



50. What are parallel civil and criminal proceedings?

- (i) A **person** may be required to **pay** customs **duty** and **penalties in civil** (departmental) **proceedings** even **when** they are **acquitted in criminal case**.
- (ii) Conversely, a **criminal prosecution** may **continue** even "after" **civil** (departmental) **adjudication** has **concluded**.
- (iii) However, **in exceptional cases** where **both proceedings** are **based on the same facts** and identical **evidence**, **courts** may **stay 1st proceeding** or give weight to findings in the **2nd proceeding**, **depending on the circumstances**.
- (iv) These **situations** are **decided** on a **case-by-case** basis

51. Whether ED, CBI, SFIO, DRI and ITD are permitted to investigate in same matter?

- **Yes**
- A **single** customs **fraud** can **trigger** investigations by **multiple agencies** like:
 - (i) The **DRI investigates for** the customs **duty evasion**, smuggling, import or export **fraud**.
 - (ii) The **ED investigates for** the customs offence **generates** Proceeds of Crime (PoC) **under the PMLA 2002**.
 - (iii) The **CBI investigates for** the public servants are suspected of **corruption**.
 - (iv) The **SFIO investigates for** the **fraud** involves serious corporate misconduct.
 - (v) The **ITD investigates for** the **tax evasion** or undisclosed income.

52. What are practical points for practitioners when appearing in DRI matters?

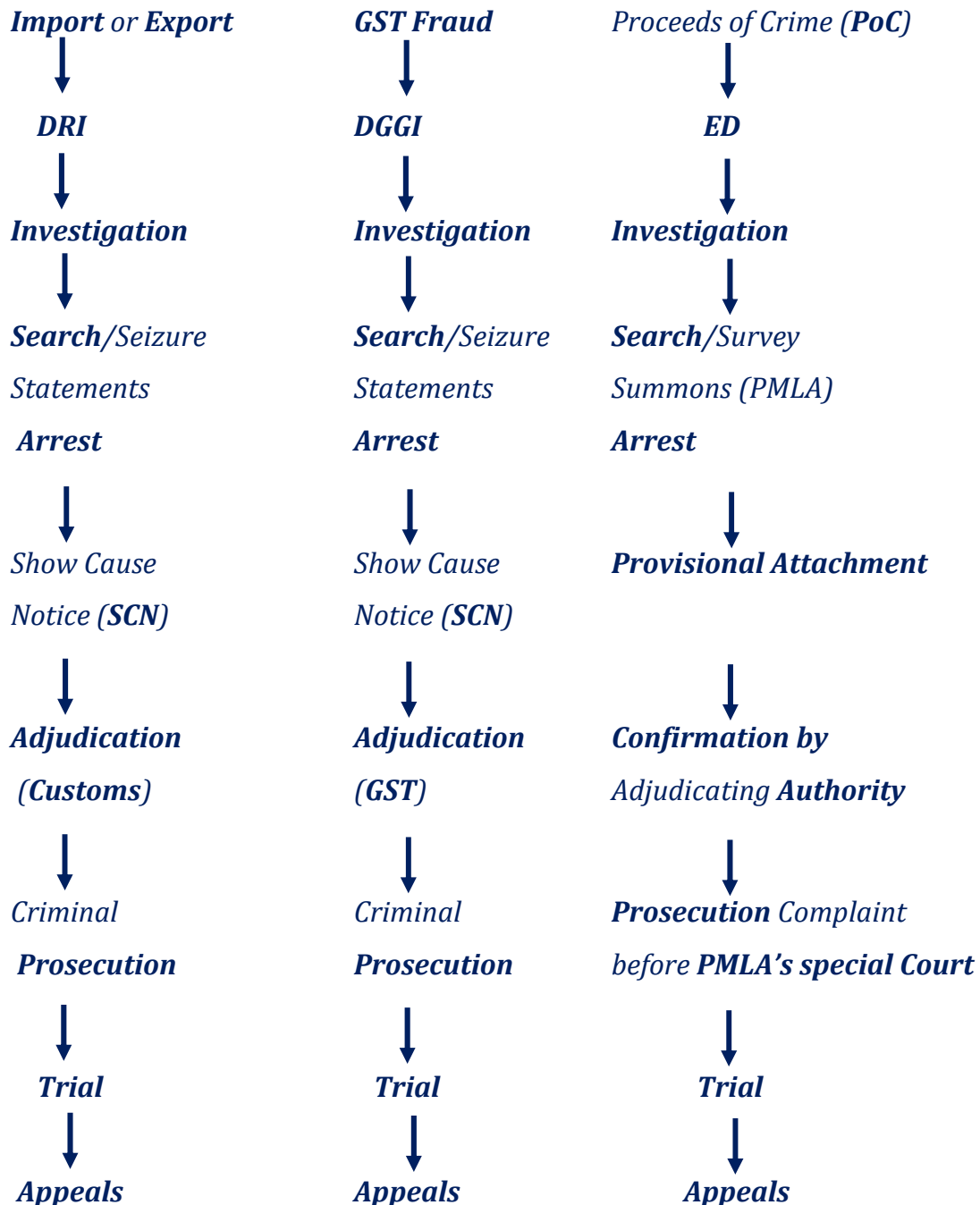
- **To check for:**
 - (i) The **legality of** the **search** and seizure.
 - (ii) The **admissibility** and voluntariness **of statements** recorded **under** the **Customs Act, 1962**.
 - (iii) The **proper authorization** and sanction **for prosecution**.



- (iv) The **relationship between** departmental **adjudication** and criminal **prosecution**.
- (v) The **coordination of strategy when parallel proceedings by ED, CBI, or SFIO** are also **pending**.

53. What is comparison of investigations by DRI, DGGI, ED & Custom/GST authorities?

- Comparative **Investigation Flow** for Economic Offence



54. What is comparison of DRI, DGGI, ED & Custom/GST authorities?

S.No	Particulars	DRI	DGGI	ED	Customs Commissionerate
(i)	Principal Law	Customs Act, 1962	GST Act, 2017	PMLA, 2002	Customs Act, 1962
(ii)	Main Focus	(a) Smuggling (b) Customs fraud (c) Commercial fraud	(a) GST evasion (b) Fake invoicing (c) ITC fraud	(a) Investigation (b) Prosecution against money laundering (c) Attachment of Proceeds of Crime (PoC)	(a) Customs assessment (b) Recovery of duty (c) Compliance (d) Adjudication
(iii)	Search	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(iv)	Seizure	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(v)	Arrest	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(vi)	Attachment of Property	Limited, seizure/confiscation under Customs Act, 1962	Limited, provisional attachment under GST Act, 2017	Yes extensive powers under PMLA, 2002	Limited powers for goods and certain property under Customs Act
(vii)	Adjudication	By Customs Adjudicating Authority	By GST Adjudicating Authority	By PMLA Adjudicating Authority	By Customs Adjudicating Authority
(viii)	Criminal Trial	Criminal Court	Criminal Court	PMLA Special Court	Criminal Court

55. What is key difference between DRI, DGGI and ED for investigations?

S.No	Issue	DRI	DGGI	ED
(i)	Primary Objective	To protect customs revenue by preventing: (a) Smuggling (b) Customs duty evasion	To protect GST revenue by detecting: (a) GST evasion, (b) Fake invoicing	To investigate money laundering and identify: (a) Attachment



		(c) illegal imports or exports	(c) Fraudulent ITC claims	(b) Confiscate Proceeds of Crime (PoC) under the PMLA, 2002
(ii)	Predicate Offence Required?	No	No	Yes in most PMLA cases, a predicate (scheduled) offence is required
(iii)	Property Attachment	No "Except" seizure or confiscation under the Customs Act, 1962	No "Except" seizure of goods or documents under GST Act, 2017	Yes (a) Provisional attachment (b) Confiscation of Proceeds of Crime (PoC)
(iv)	Bank Account Freezing	Limited powers	Limited powers	"Extensive" powers for: provisionally attachment and freeze bank accounts linked to PoC
(v)	Special Court	No "Exclusive" DRI Special Court	No "Exclusive" DGGI Special Court	(a) No "Exclusive" ED Special Courts (b) Yes Designated PMLA Special Courts

56. What is litigation strategy for practitioners?

- **When representing clients facing "multiple" investigations:**
 - To **prepare** a single, comprehensive **chronology** for "all" agencies.
 - To **compare statements** recorded **by DRI, DGGI, ED, and other authorities** for **inconsistencies**.



- (iii) To **challenge** “procedural” **irregularities in searches**, seizures, arrests, and summons **where appropriate**.
- (iv) To **coordinate** “bail” **strategy** across different forums.
- (v) To **keep in mind that findings in 1st proceeding** may **influence 2nd proceeding** **although each authority acts under its own statute** and standards.

57. What is comparison between workings of NIA, CBI, ED, SFIO, DRI and DGGI?

S.No	Particulars	NIA	CBI	ED (PMLA)	SFIO	DRI	DGGI
(i)	Governing Law	NIA Act, 2008	DSPE Act, 1946	PMLA, 2002	CA, 2013	Customs Act, 1962	CGST Act, 2017
(ii)	Investigating Agency	NIA	CBI	ED	SFIO	DRI	DGGI
(iii)	Nature of Offences	Terrorism and Scheduled offences	Corruption, economic offences and special crimes	Money laundering and Proceeds of Crime (PoC)	Corporate fraud and Company law violations	Smuggling, customs duty evasion and Commercial fraud	GST evasion, fake invoicing, and Tax fraud
(iv)	“Exclusive” Special Court	Yes Special Court under the NIA Act, 2008	Yes Special Court under CBI or PC Act 1988	Yes Designated Special Court under the PMLA, 2002	No Cases tried by Special Courts under the Companies Act, 2013	No	No
(v)	Power to Arrest	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(vi)	Power to Attach Property	No	No	Yes, Provisional attachment under the PMLA, 2002	No	Limited Seizure or confiscation under the Customs Act, 1962	Limited Provisional attachment under the GST Act, 2017 for revenue protection



58. What is comparison between special courts for NIA, CBI, ED, SFIO and DRI?

<i>S.No</i>	<i>Agency</i>	<i>Trial Forum</i>
(i)	NIA	NIA Special Court
(ii)	CBI	CBI Special Court (Special Judge)
(iii)	ED	PMLA Special Court
(iv)	SFIO	SFIO Special Court designated under Sec. 435–436 of the CA, 2013
(v)	DRI	Regular criminal court having jurisdiction i.e. Judicial Magistrate First Class (JMFC), Chief Metropolitan Magistrate (CMM), or Sessions Court , depending on the offence

59. What is flow chart for DGCI's Regular criminal court having jurisdiction?

60. What is misconception about “exclusive” Customs Special Courts?

- (i) **Customs Special Courts are courts designated to try criminal offences under the Customs Act, 1962.**
- (ii) **A common *misconception* is that there is a nationwide system of “exclusive” Customs Special Courts similar to NIA or PMLA special courts, but in reality, there is no “exclusive” Customs Special Courts.**
- (iii) **The Customs Act, 1962 does *not* establish a separate nationwide system of “exclusive” Customs Special Courts.**
- (iv) **The criminal *prosecutions* under the Customs Act, 1962 are generally *tried* by the competent *criminal courts* i.e. Magistrate or Sessions Court, *depending on the offence*.**
- (v) **In some jurisdictions, the *State Govt.* or *High Court* may *designate* particular *courts to handle economic offences*, including *customs prosecutions*, for administrative convenience, *but these* are *not* “exclusive” statutory *Customs Special Courts* under the Customs Act, 1962.**

61. What types of proceedings are permitted?

- **There are 2 types of proceedings are permitted under the Custom Act, 1962 i.e. *Departmental (Adjudication) Proceedings* and *Criminal Prosecution***

62. What are departmental (adjudication) proceedings?

- **The *departmental (adjudication) proceedings* under the Custom Act, 1962 are *conducted by Customs officers* like:**
 - (i) ***Commissioner of Customs***
 - (ii) ***Principal Commissioner***
 - (iii) ***Additional or Joint Commissioner***
 - (iv) ***Deputy or Assistant Commissioner***
- **The *departmental (adjudication) proceedings* by Custom officers are *not treated as Court***

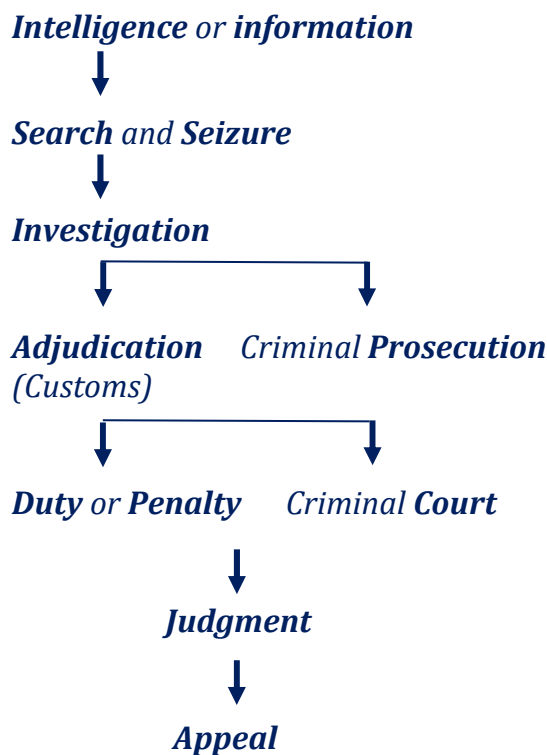


63. What are Custom officers' powers under departmental (adjudication) proceedings?

- The Custom **officers** are permitted **to decide**:
 - (i) Duty **demand**
 - (ii) Goods' **confiscation**
 - (iii) Redemption **fine**
 - (iv) Monetary **penalties**

64. What is criminal prosecution?

- When **prosecution** is **sanctioned**, the **complaint** is **filed before** the competent **criminal court**.

65. What is flow chart for 2 types of proceedings?**66. Who are the authorities for investigations?**

- Decision of authorities is **depended on nature of the case** i.e. **Serious Customs offences** and **non-serious customs offences**
 - (i) Directorate of Revenue Intelligence (**DRI**)
 - (ii) Customs Preventive Commissionerate (**CPC**)



- (iii) Customs Commissionerate's (CC)
- (iv) Air Cargo or Port Customs formations

67. What are Serious Customs Offences for investigations?

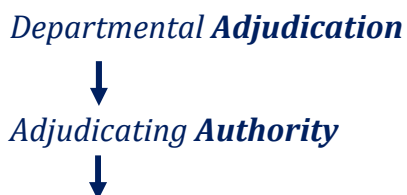
- (i) Smuggling of gold
- (ii) Narcotic drugs when Customs has jurisdiction
- (iii) Commercial quantity smuggling
- (iv) Arms and ammunition smuggling
- (v) Wildlife trafficking
- (vi) Undervaluation and misdeclaration
- (vii) Trade-based money laundering
- (viii) Fake import or export documentation

68. What are parallel proceedings by DRI / Customs, ED, DGGI, ITD, CBI and SFIO?

- A "single" import or export transaction can trigger "multiple" investigations and parallel proceedings by DRI / Customs, ED, DGGI, ITD, CBI and SFIO:

S.No	Agency's name	Subject Matter	Special Court/Forum
(i)	DRI or Customs	Customs Act offences	Criminal Court under Custom Act, 1962
(ii)	ED	Money laundering offences	ED's Special Court under PMLA, 2002
(iii)	DGGI	GST evasion	Criminal Court under Custom Act, 1962
(iv)	Income Tax	Tax evasion	Tax authorities and criminal courts, where applicable
(v)	CBI	Corruption by public servant	CBI's Special Court under DPSE Act, 1946
(vi)	SFIO	Corporate fraud	SFIO's special court under CA, 2013

69. What is flow chart for proceedings by criminal court?



Commissioner (**Appeals**)



CESTAT



High Court

Supreme Court

Criminal Prosecution

Criminal Court



Sessions Court or High Court



Supreme Court

70. What are practical points for practitioners to handle customs prosecutions?

- (i) To **examine** whether the **search & seizure complied** with statutory **requirements**.
- (ii) To **assess** the voluntariness and **admissibility of statements** recorded **under** the **Customs Act, 1962**.
- (iii) To **review** the **validity** of the sanction **for prosecution**, where required.
- (iv) To **distinguish** the evidence **used in** departmental **adjudication from** that **required for criminal conviction**.
- (v) To **coordinate** defence **strategy when** there are **parallel proceedings by ED, DRI, DGGI, CBI, or SFIO**.



Chapter-VIII- DGGI's Special Courts under the GST Act, 2017

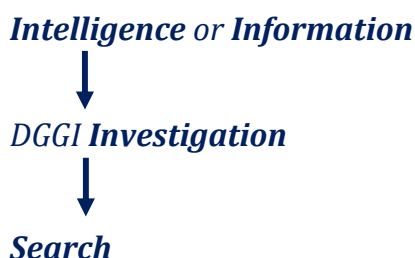
71. What are DGGI's Special Courts?

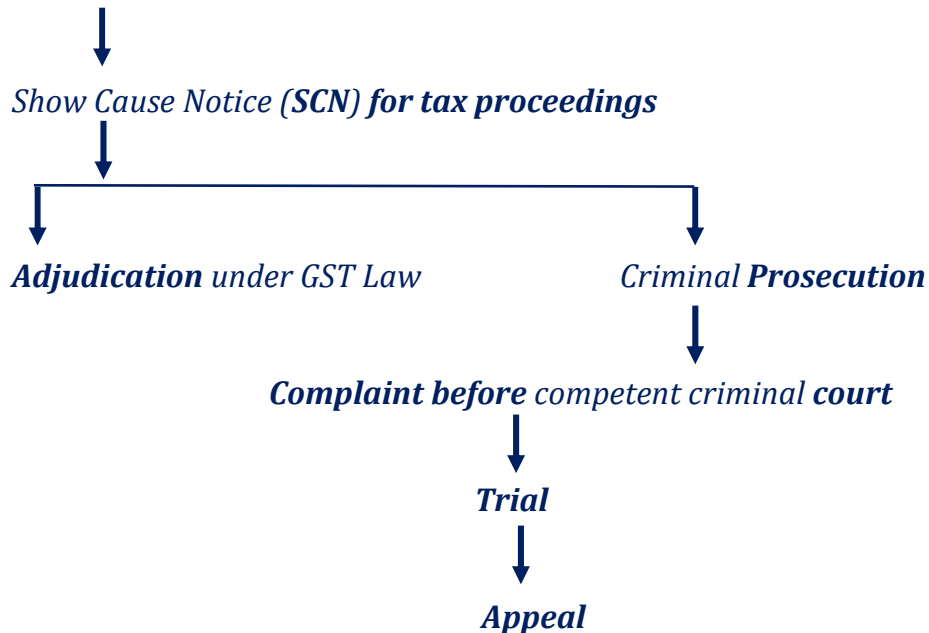
- (i) The Directorate General of GST Intelligence (**DGGI**) does **not have its own** "exclusive" **Special Courts**.
- (ii) The **DGGI investigates offences under** the Central Goods and Services Tax (**GST**) Act, 2017 and related GST laws, **but "criminal" prosecutions are tried before** the "ordinary" **criminal courts** having jurisdiction **under GST Act, 2017**.

72. Who try the DGGI cases?

- It **depends on the offence and** the applicable criminal **procedure** like:
 - (i) Judicial Magistrate First Class (**JMFC**) **or** Metropolitan Magistrate (**MM**) **for offences triable by Magistrates**.
 - (ii) Chief Judicial Magistrate (**CJM**) **or** Chief Metropolitan Magistrate (**CMM**) **when applicable**.
 - (iii) Court of Session (**Sessions Court**) **when the offence is triable** by a Sessions Court **after committal**.
- Hence, there is **no** separate statutory **network of DGGI Special Courts comparable to**:
 - (i) **NIA's Special Courts**
 - (ii) **CBI's Special Courts**
 - (iii) **ED's Special Courts**

73. What is the flow chart to try the DGGI cases?



*Inspection**Seizure**Summons**Statements**Arrest, when authorised*

74. What is difference between tax and criminal proceedings?

S.No	Tax Proceedings	Criminal Proceedings
(i)	Show Cause Notice (SCN)	Criminal complaint
(ii)	Adjudication by GST authorities	Trial before a criminal court
(iii)	Tax, interest and penalty	Imprisonment and/or fine upon conviction
(iv)	Appeal through GST appellate hierarchy	Appeal through criminal appellate hierarchy

75. What are common offences investigated by DGGI?

- (i) Fake GST invoices.
- (ii) Fraudulent input tax credit (ITC).
- (iii) Circular trading.
- (iv) Bogus firms.
- (v) Tax evasion.



- (vi) **Non-payment** or short payment **of GST.**
- (vii) **Wrongful** refund **claims.**
- (viii) **E-way bill fraud.**

76. What is comparison between different agencies for “exclusive” special courts?

S.No	Agency's Name	“Exclusive” Special Court
(i)	NIA	Yes
(ii)	CBI	Yes
(iii)	ED	Yes
(iv)	SFIO	No
(v)	DRI	No
(vi)	DGGI	No



Chapter-IX- SEBI's Special Courts under the SEBI Act, 1992

77. What are SEBI's Special Courts?

- (i) The Special Courts **designated under** the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) Act, 1992 **for the speedy trial of offences punishable under the SEBI Act, 1992.**
- (ii) There is **not a** nationwide network of "exclusive" **SEBI's Court in every State.**
- (iii) The Central **Govt. designates** 1 or more than 1 **existing Courts of Session as Special Courts for SEBI offences in consultation with the Chief Justice of the concerned High Court**

78. What is legal basis for designating Special Courts?

- (i) Designating of Special Courts are **required under** section **26A** of SEBI Act, 1992
- (ii) **Appeal provisions** are **required** to establishment or designation of Special Courts **under** section **26B** of SEBI Act, 1992

79. What is composition for SEBI's designated Special Courts?

- A **SEBI's Special Court** is ordinarily **presided over by a Sessions Judge or an Additional Sessions Judge designated** for this purpose.

80. What are areas of jurisdictions for Special Courts to try criminal offences?

- SEBI's Special Courts **try criminal offences under the SEBI Act, 1992 including prosecutions** relating to:
 - (i) **Insider trading.**
 - (ii) **Fraudulent and unfair trade practices.**
 - (iii) **Market manipulation.**
 - (iv) **Non-compliance with SEBI directions.**
 - (v) **Failure to comply with orders of the Adjudicating Officer (AO) or the Securities Appellate Tribunal (SAT), when prosecution is provided by law.**
 - (vi) **Other offences punishable under the SEBI Act, 1992**



81. What is the flow chart from investigation to trial?**82. What is difference between civil & criminal proceedings?**

- The SEBI often conducts “parallel” civil or regulatory and criminal proceedings.

S.No	Civil or Regulatory proceedings	Criminal proceedings
(i)	Adjudication by SEBI	Trial before SEBI Special Court
(ii)	Monetary penalty	Imprisonment and/or fine
(iii)	Debarment from securities market	Criminal conviction or acquittal
(iv)	Directions under Sections 11 and 11B	Criminal prosecution under the SEBI Act



83. What is flow chart for appeals against regulatory orders?**84. What is flow chart for appeals against criminal prosecutions?****85. What is comparison between SEBI's special courts and other special courts?**

S.No	Agency's name	"Exclusive" special court
(i)	The NIA	Yes
(ii)	The CBI	Yes
(iii)	The ED	Yes
(iv)	The SEBI	(a) Yes , the SEBI has designated session courts for criminal prosecutions / offences. (b) No , the SEBI has "exclusive" special courts for criminal prosecutions / offences.
(v)	The SFIO	(a) Yes , the SFIO has Special Courts under CA, 2013 (b) No , the SFIO has "exclusive" Special Courts
(vi)	The DRI	(a) Yes , the DRI has Special Courts under Custom Act, 1962 (b) No , the DRI has "exclusive" Special Courts
(vii)	The DGGI	(a) Yes , the DGGI has Special Courts under CGST Act, 2017 (b) No , the DGGI has "exclusive" Special Courts



86. What are practical points for practitioners to handle SEBI's prosecutions?

- (i) To **distinguish between regulatory proceedings** i.e. penalties, market-access restrictions, directions and **criminal prosecutions**.
- (ii) To **review the statutory basis for the prosecution and the evidence supporting allegations** i.e. insider trading or market manipulation.
- (iii) To **consider the impact of parallel proceedings before SAT**, civil courts, or **other enforcement agencies** i.e. ED or SFIO.
- (iv) To **coordinate defence strategy when the same facts** are under examination **in multiple forums**.



Chapter-X- Special courts in Delhi

87. What are Rouse Avenue District Courts complex in Delhi?

- (i) *Special CBI Courts*
- (ii) *Special PMLA (ED) Courts*
- (iii) *Other courts dealing with economic offences.*
- (iv) *Address*
 - *Deen Dayal Upadhyay Marg, Near ITO, New Delhi – 110002*
- (v) *Contact*
 - *Phone: +91 95991 38139 for Court complex enquiry at Rouse Avenue District Court Complex, Deen Dayal Upadhyay Marg, Near ITO, New Delhi*

88. What are Patiala House Courts in Delhi?

- *Certain Special CBI, NDPS and central agency matters.*
- *Address:*
India Gate, New Delhi – 110001

89. What are Tiz Hazari Courts in Delhi?

- *Certain cases depending on notifications.*
- *Address:*
Tis Hazari, Delhi – 110054

90. What are Dwarka Courts in Delhi?

- *Certain cases depending on notifications.*
- *Address:*
Sector 10, Dwarka, New Delhi – 110075

91. What are Saket District Courts in Delhi?

- *Certain cases depending on notifications.*
- *Address:*
Sector 6, Pushp Vihar, Saket, New Delhi – 110017



92. What are NDPS Special Court Karkardooma Court in Delhi?

- The NDPS cases *depending on notifications*

93. What are NDPS Special Court at other district courts in Delhi?

- The NDPS cases *depending on notifications*

94. What is address and contact number of CBI Court in Delhi?

(i) Address

- Pandit Deendayal Upadhyay Marg, New Delhi – 110002.

(ii) Court Contact

- Phone: +91 95991 38139 (Court complex enquiry) Rouse Avenue District Court Complex

95. What is flow chart for special court's proceedings?

FIR/ECIR (Enforcement Case Information Report)



Investigation



Complaint/Charge Sheet



Cognizance



Trial



Appeal

Chapter-XI- Special Courts outside Delhi

96. What are Special Courts outside Delhi?

- (i) The **Special CBI Courts**, **PMLA (ED) Special Courts**, and **NDPS Special Courts** function in almost every State and Union Territory (UT).
- (ii) These are generally **designated Sessions Courts** or **CBI Courts notified by the Central or State Govts. under the respective Acts** i.e. **PMLA, 2002** and **NDPS Act, 1985** rather than separate “permanent” courts.

97. What is directory of principal special courts outside Delhi?

S.No	State / UT	CBI Special Court	ED (PMLA) Special Court	NDPS Special Court
(i)	Maharashtra	Mumbai and Nagpur	Mumbai	Mumbai, Pune and Nagpur
(ii)	Gujarat	Ahmedabad	Ahmedabad	Ahmedabad and Surat
(iii)	Rajasthan	Jaipur and Jodhpur	Jaipur	Jaipur and Jodhpur
(iv)	Uttar Pradesh	Lucknow and Ghaziabad	Lucknow	Lucknow, Kanpur and Varanasi
(v)	Punjab	Mohali (SAS Nagar)	Chandigarh and Mohali	Amritsar and Ludhiana
(vi)	Haryana	Panchkula	Panchkula	Gurugram and Faridabad
(vii)	Chandigarh	Chandigarh	Chandigarh	Chandigarh
(viii)	Madhya Pradesh	Bhopal and Jabalpur	Bhopal	Bhopal and Indore
(ix)	Chhattisgarh	Raipur	Raipur	Raipur



(x)	Bihar	Patna	<i>Patna</i>	Patna
(xi)	Jharkhand	Ranchi	<i>Ranchi</i>	Ranchi
(xii)	West Bengal	Kolkata (Bihar Bhawan)	<i>Kolkata</i>	Kolkata
(xiii)	Odisha	Bhubaneswar	<i>Bhubaneswar</i>	Bhubaneswar
(xiv)	Assam	Guwahati	<i>Guwahati</i>	Guwahati
(xv)	Telangana	Hyderabad	<i>Hyderabad</i>	Hyderabad
(xvi)	Andhra Pradesh	Vijayawada and Visakhapatnam	<i>Vijayawada</i>	Vijayawada
(xvii)	Karnataka	Bengaluru	<i>Bengaluru</i>	Bengaluru and Mysuru
(xviii)	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	<i>Chennai</i>	Chennai and Madurai
(xix)	Kerala	Ernakulam	<i>Ernakulam</i>	Thodupuzha and Vadakara and additional NDPS Special Courts are being established

98. What is address of CBI's courts in Jaipur-Rajasthan?

- (i) *Special Judge, CBI Court No. 1*
- (ii) *District & Sessions Court Campus, Jaipur – 302006*

99. What is address of CBI's courts in Mumbai-Maharashtra?

- (i) *Special CBI Court*
- (ii) *City Civil & Sessions Court Complex, Fort, Mumbai – 400032*

100. What is address of CBI's courts in Ahmedabad-Gujarat?

- (i) *Principal City Civil & Sessions Court*
- (ii) *Bhadra, Ahmedabad – 380001*



101. What is address of CBI's courts in Lucknow-Uttar Pradesh?

- (i) *CBI Court*
- (ii) *District & Sessions Court Campus, Lucknow – 226001*

● **What is address of CBI's courts in Patna-Bihar?**

- (i) *Additional District & Sessions Judge (Special Court)*
- (ii) *Civil Court Campus, Patna – 800001*

● **What is address of CBI's courts in Kolkata-West Bengal?**

- (i) *Special Judge, CBI Courts*
- (ii) *Bichar Bhawan, Alipore, Kolkata – 700027.*
- (iii) *Additional CBI Courts have also been designated as PMLA Special Courts for the State.*



Published By



CA. Satish Agarwal

B.com (Hons.) FCA

Practicing Chartered Accountant Since 1985

+919811081957

9/14 (First Floor) East Patel Nagar, New Delhi- 110008

Email: satishagarwal307@yahoo.com

Website: www.femainindia.com

◆ Disclaimer

- 1. The contents of these Weekly Updates are provided solely for informational purposes. Neither these Weekly Updates nor the information contained herein constitutes a contract or forms the basis of any contract.***
- 2. The material contained in these Weekly Updates does not constitute professional advice and should not be relied upon as a substitute for obtaining appropriate professional advice before acting on any matter.***
- 3. Every reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of these Weekly Updates to ensure the accuracy of the information contained herein as of the date of publication.***
- 4. Satish Agarwal assumes no responsibility or liability for any errors or omissions that may be found in these Weekly Updates despite all reasonable precautions taken in their preparation.***
- 5. Satish Agarwal shall not be liable for any direct, indirect, incidental, special, or consequential damages arising out of, or in any way connected with, the use of these Weekly Updates or the information contained herein.***

July-2026

